



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Nov 29, 2022 – 11:15 AM JST

PDB ID : 7WFF
EMDB ID : EMD-32464
Title : Subcomplexes B,M and L in the Cyclic electron transfer supercomplex NDH-PSI from Arabidopsis
Authors : Pan, X.W.; Li, M.
Deposited on : 2021-12-26
Resolution : 3.59 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

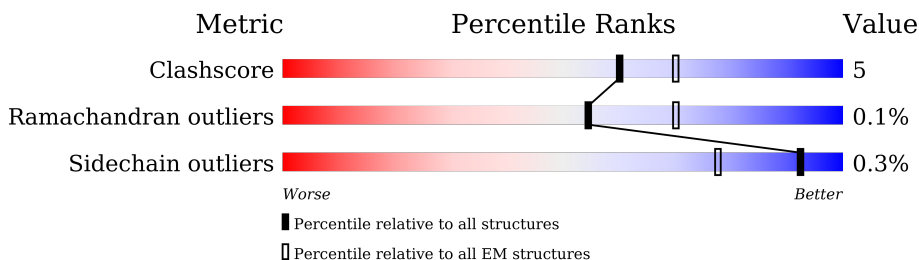
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.59 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.





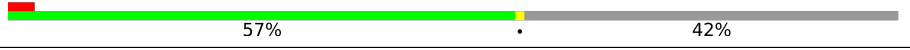



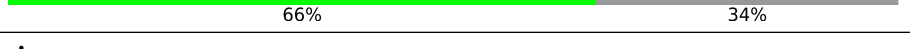
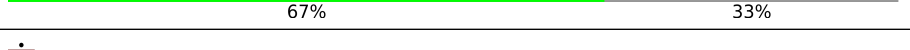
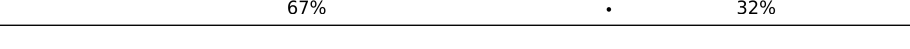
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	360	
2	B	512	
3	C	120	
4	D	506	
5	E	101	
6	F	746	
7	G	176	
8	a	461	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
9	b	348	 88% 12%
10	c	204	 63% 37%
11	d	161	 57% 42%
12	e	212	 71% 29%
13	f	238	 64% 36%
14	g	190	 61% 39%
15	h	220	 66% 34%
16	i	217	 67% 33%
17	j	255	 67% 32%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 20 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 32124 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called NAD(P)H-quinone oxidoreductase subunit 1, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	305	2372	1593	366	409	4	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called NAD(P)H-quinone oxidoreductase subunit 2, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	486	3780	2495	577	679	29	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called NAD(P)H-quinone oxidoreductase subunit 3, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	C	94	776	544	109	121	2	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called NAD(P)H-quinone oxidoreductase chain 4, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	D	497	3950	2658	599	668	25	0	0

- Molecule 5 is a protein called NAD(P)H-quinone oxidoreductase subunit 4L, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
5	E	89	695	458	112	119	6	0	0

- Molecule 6 is a protein called NAD(P)H-quinone oxidoreductase subunit 5, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
6	F	677	5330	3558	829	915	28	0	0

- Molecule 7 is a protein called NAD(P)H-quinone oxidoreductase subunit 6, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
7	G	167	1281	858	194	224	5	0	0

- Molecule 8 is a protein called Photosynthetic NDH subunit of subcomplex B 1, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
8	a	341	2655	1692	450	500	13	0	0

- Molecule 9 is a protein called Photosynthetic NDH subunit of subcomplex B 2, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
9	b	307	2367	1508	392	452	15	0	0

- Molecule 10 is a protein called Photosynthetic NDH subunit of subcomplex B 3, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
10	c	128	1005	636	180	183	6	0	0

- Molecule 11 is a protein called NDH dependent flow 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
11	d	93	762	497	119	138	8	0	0

- Molecule 12 is a protein called Photosynthetic NDH subunit of subcomplex B 5, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
12	e	150	1206	780	183	236	7	0	0

- Molecule 13 is a protein called Photosynthetic NDH subunit of luminal location 1, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
13	f	153	1277	823	219	233	2	0	0

- Molecule 14 is a protein called Photosynthetic NDH subunit of luminal location 2, chloroplast.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
14	g	115	965	620	159	180	6	0	0

- Molecule 15 is a protein called Photosynthetic NDH subunit of luminal location 3, chloroplast.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
15	h	145	1170	753	191	221	5	0	0

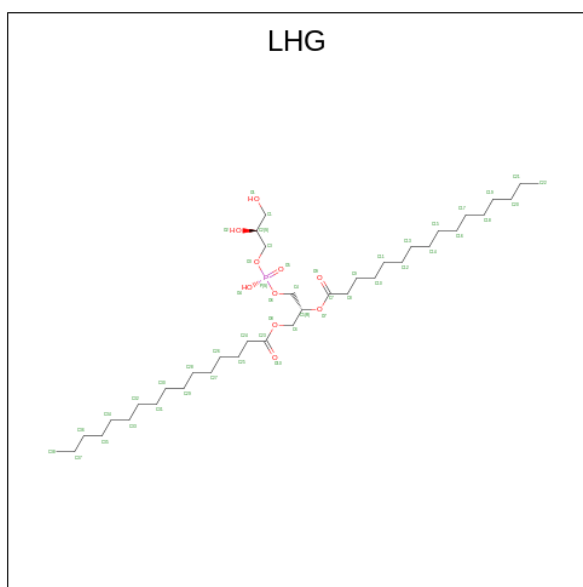
- Molecule 16 is a protein called Photosynthetic NDH subunit of luminal location 4, chloroplast.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
16	i	145	1098	698	190	204	6	0	0

- Molecule 17 is a protein called Isoform 2 of Photosynthetic NDH subunit of luminal location 5, chloroplast.

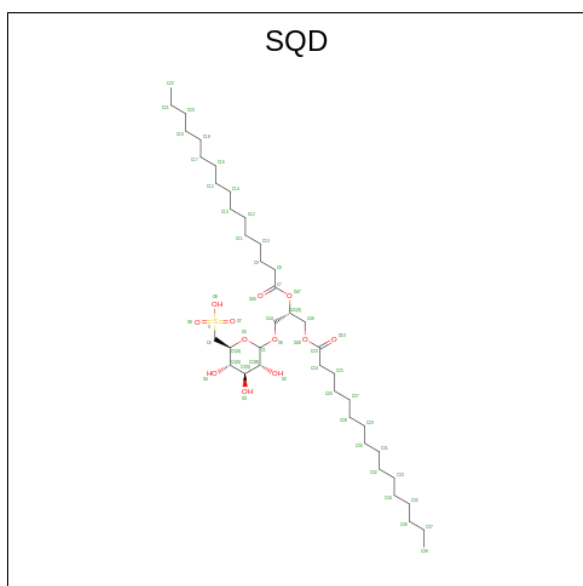
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
17	j	173	1331	840	236	248	7	0	0

- Molecule 18 is 1,2-DIPALMITOYL-PHOSPHATIDYL-GLYCEROLE (three-letter code: LHG) (formula: C₃₈H₇₅O₁₀P).



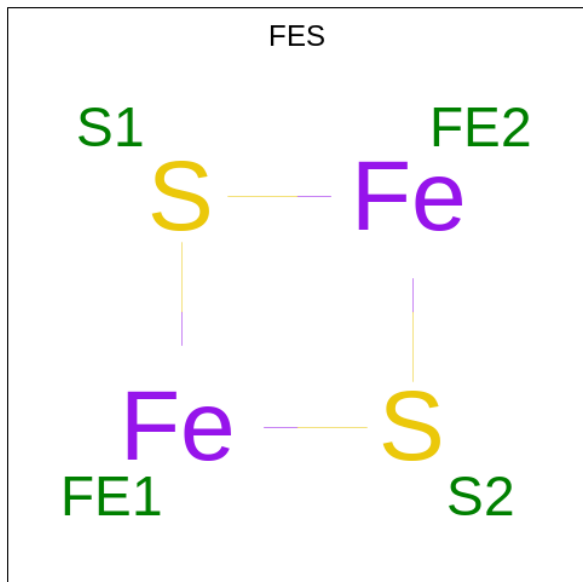
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	
			Total	C	O		P
18	D	1	29	18	10	1	0
18	F	1	37	26	10	1	0

- Molecule 19 is 1,2-DI-O-ACYL-3-O-[6-DEOXY-6-SULFO-ALPHA-D-GLUCOPYRANOSYL]-SN-GLYCEROL (three-letter code: SQD) (formula: $C_{41}H_{78}O_{12}S$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	O	S	
19	F	1	34	21	12	1	0

- Molecule 20 is FE2/S2 (INORGANIC) CLUSTER (three-letter code: FES) (formula: Fe₂S₂) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

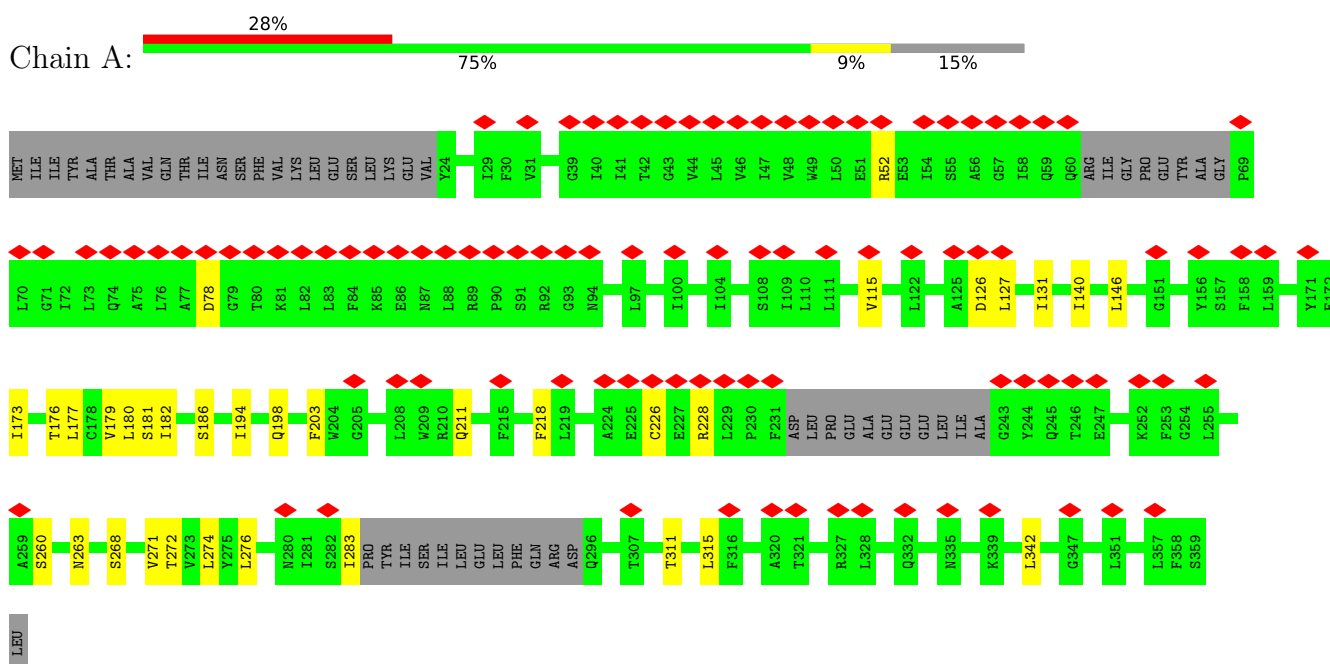


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
			Total	Fe	S	
20	c	1	4	2	2	0

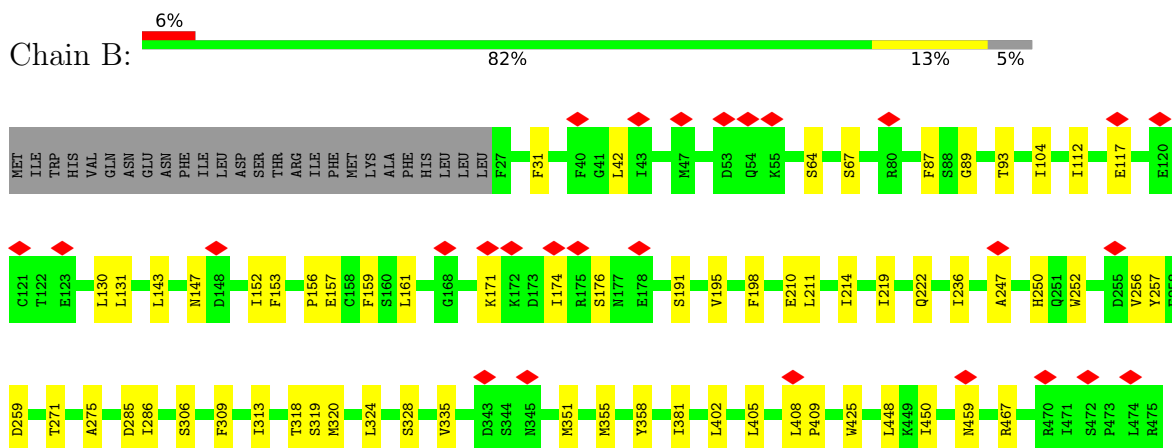
3 Residue-property plots

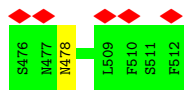
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: NAD(P)H-quinone oxidoreductase subunit 1, chloroplastic

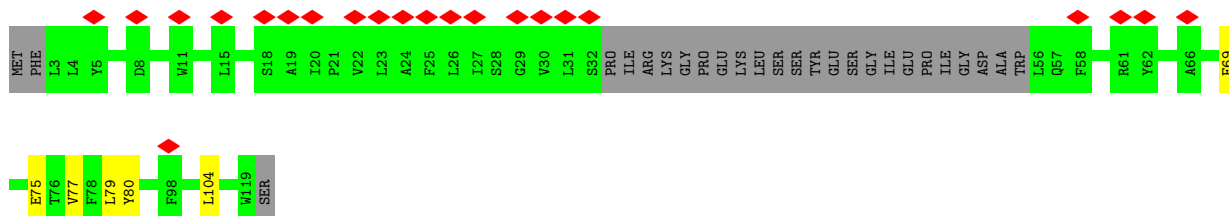
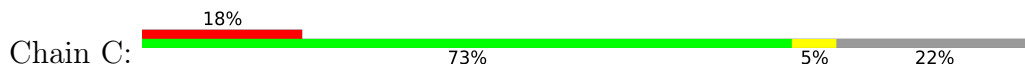


- Molecule 2: NAD(P)H-quinone oxidoreductase subunit 2, chloroplastic

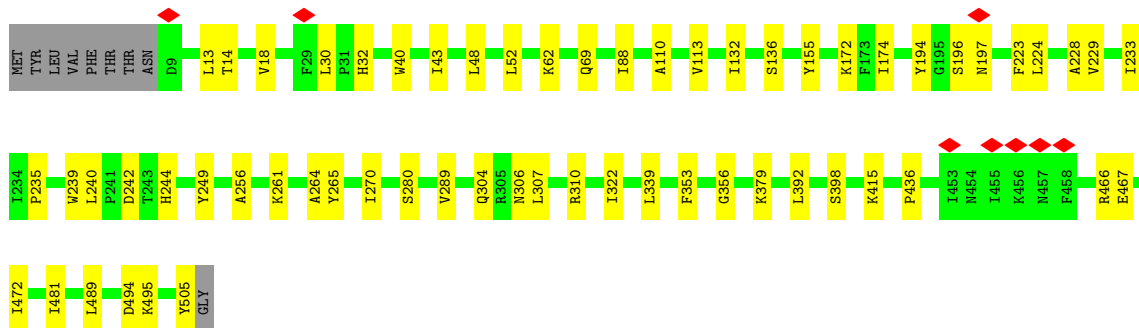
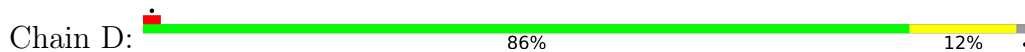




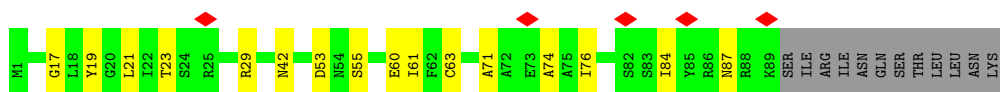
• Molecule 3: NAD(P)H-quinone oxidoreductase subunit 3, chloroplastic



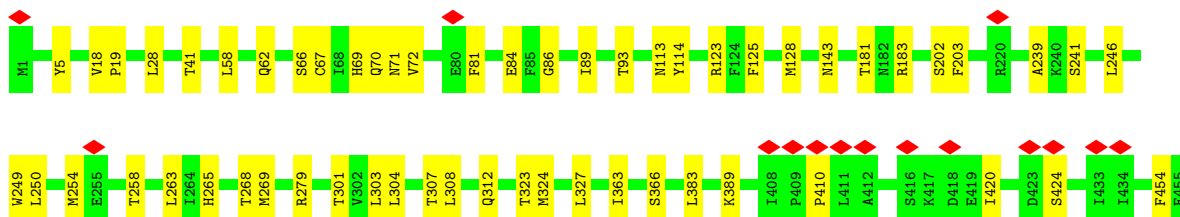
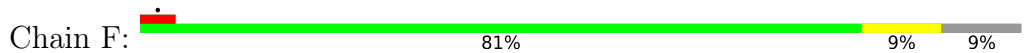
• Molecule 4: NAD(P)H-quinone oxidoreductase chain 4, chloroplastic

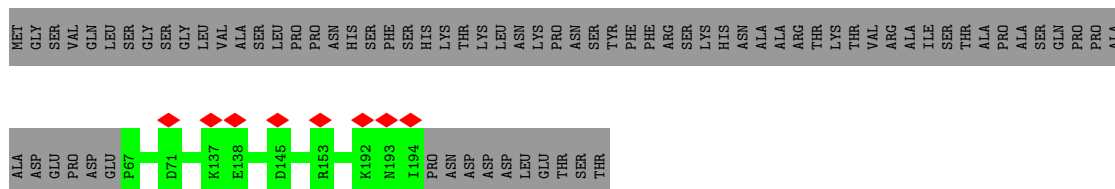


• Molecule 5: NAD(P)H-quinone oxidoreductase subunit 4L, chloroplastic

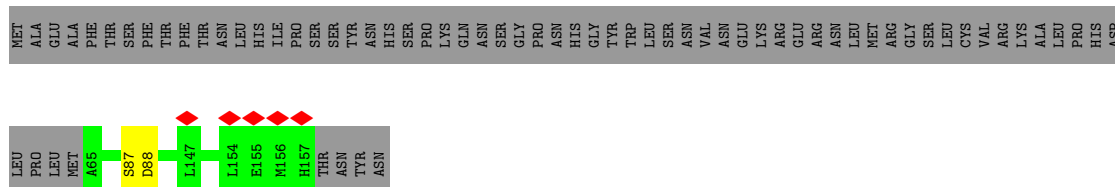


• Molecule 6: NAD(P)H-quinone oxidoreductase subunit 5, chloroplastic

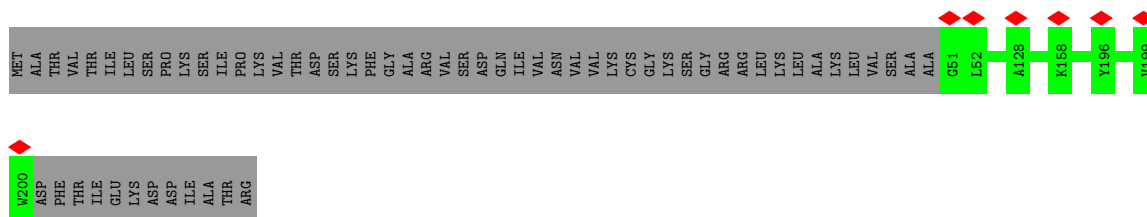




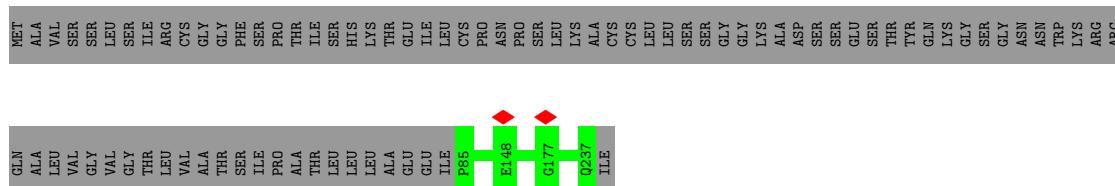
- Molecule 11: NDH dependent flow 6



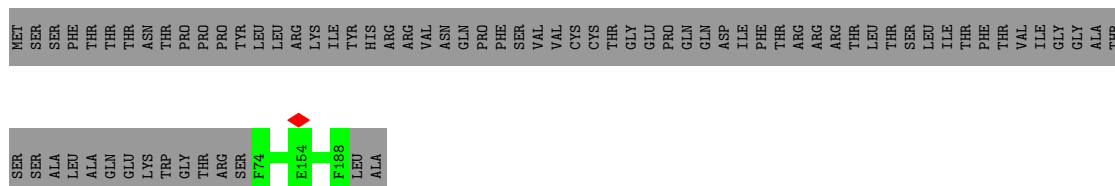
- Molecule 12: Photosynthetic NDH subunit of subcomplex B 5, chloroplastic



- Molecule 13: Photosynthetic NDH subunit of luminal location 1, chloroplastic



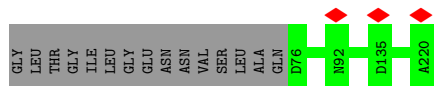
- Molecule 14: Photosynthetic NDH subunit of luminal location 2, chloroplastic



- Molecule 15: Photosynthetic NDH subunit of luminal location 3, chloroplastic



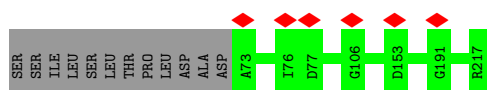
MET ALA HIS PHE ILE ASP LEU ASN SER SER THR THR ASN LEU LEU PRO SER LEU PRO LYS LEU PRO GLU SER ARG LYS THR GLY LYS SER SER SER GLY PHE ALA CYS ARG ARG THR THR GLU GLU PHE GLN GLU PRO ASP SER SER VAL GLN ILE THR ARG ARG MET THR LEU PHE ALA VAL SER ILE



- Molecule 16: Photosynthetic NDH subunit of luminal location 4, chloroplastic



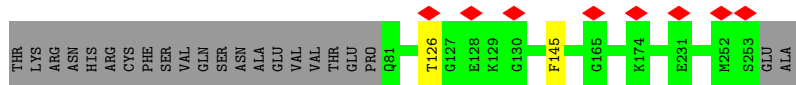
MET ALA ILE SER THR LEU THR LEU THR LEU GLN THR LEU THR TYR THR ARG SER PHE ARG PRO THR ILE PHE SER SER SER SER SER SER SER PHE CYS CYS CYS SER SER SER ASP ASP CYS GLU PRO LYS LEU LEU VAL VAL LYS LYS ARG VAL PHE GLY VAL GLY LEU PHE LEU ALA



- Molecule 17: Isoform 2 of Photosynthetic NDH subunit of luminal location 5, chloroplastic



MET ALA THR LEU SER MET THR LEU LEU LEU LEU LEU ALA PRO PRO ARG ARG LEU SER PRO ILE ASN THR ALA PHE THR SER THR THR THR PHE ARG LEU ARG THR LYS SER SER PHE ASP ASP ILE SER PHE SER SER SER THR THR PRO PHE ALA SER SER SER LEU LEU HIS THR TYR



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	136022	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	60.0	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.168	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.102	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.005	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.03	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	416.0, 416.0, 416.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	400, 400, 400	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	1.04, 1.04, 1.04	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LHG, FES, SQD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.29	0/2430	0.55	0/3312
2	B	0.34	0/3872	0.58	0/5263
3	C	0.35	0/802	0.51	0/1094
4	D	0.38	0/4062	0.57	0/5514
5	E	0.35	0/705	0.56	0/952
6	F	0.36	0/5478	0.56	0/7446
7	G	0.32	0/1307	0.57	0/1785
8	a	0.34	0/2708	0.59	0/3668
9	b	0.31	0/2417	0.57	0/3265
10	c	0.34	0/1030	0.63	0/1401
11	d	0.40	0/784	0.55	0/1057
12	e	0.34	0/1241	0.55	0/1685
13	f	0.33	0/1312	0.62	0/1777
14	g	0.29	0/986	0.53	0/1329
15	h	0.36	0/1193	0.61	0/1610
16	i	0.34	0/1124	0.58	0/1523
17	j	0.35	0/1357	0.56	0/1823
All	All	0.34	0/32808	0.57	0/44504

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2372	0	2454	27	0
2	B	3780	0	3840	43	0
3	C	776	0	777	4	0
4	D	3950	0	4072	38	0
5	E	695	0	732	15	0
6	F	5330	0	5289	42	0
7	G	1281	0	1340	20	0
8	a	2655	0	2673	0	0
9	b	2367	0	2371	0	0
10	c	1005	0	1006	0	0
11	d	762	0	730	0	0
12	e	1206	0	1110	0	0
13	f	1277	0	1235	0	0
14	g	965	0	945	0	0
15	h	1170	0	1176	0	0
16	i	1098	0	1084	0	0
17	j	1331	0	1320	0	0
18	D	29	0	28	0	0
18	F	37	0	44	1	0
19	F	34	0	32	1	0
20	c	4	0	0	0	0
All	All	32124	0	32258	165	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 165 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:E:29:ARG:NH1	7:G:29:LEU:O	2.22	0.72
5:E:71:ALA:HA	7:G:70:ILE:HD11	1.72	0.69
2:B:247:ALA:O	2:B:250:HIS:ND1	2.25	0.69
6:F:389:LYS:NZ	6:F:456:GLY:O	2.24	0.68
5:E:17:GLY:O	5:E:21:LEU:N	2.29	0.66

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	297/360 (82%)	283 (95%)	14 (5%)	0	100	100
2	B	484/512 (94%)	442 (91%)	42 (9%)	0	100	100
3	C	90/120 (75%)	87 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
4	D	495/506 (98%)	466 (94%)	29 (6%)	0	100	100
5	E	87/101 (86%)	85 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
6	F	669/746 (90%)	618 (92%)	49 (7%)	2 (0%)	41	75
7	G	163/176 (93%)	147 (90%)	16 (10%)	0	100	100
8	a	339/461 (74%)	284 (84%)	55 (16%)	0	100	100
9	b	301/348 (86%)	270 (90%)	31 (10%)	0	100	100
10	c	126/204 (62%)	114 (90%)	12 (10%)	0	100	100
11	d	91/161 (56%)	77 (85%)	13 (14%)	1 (1%)	14	53
12	e	148/212 (70%)	126 (85%)	22 (15%)	0	100	100
13	f	151/238 (63%)	126 (83%)	25 (17%)	0	100	100
14	g	113/190 (60%)	113 (100%)	0	0	100	100
15	h	143/220 (65%)	131 (92%)	12 (8%)	0	100	100
16	i	143/217 (66%)	124 (87%)	19 (13%)	0	100	100
17	j	171/255 (67%)	152 (89%)	18 (10%)	1 (1%)	25	64
All	All	4011/5027 (80%)	3645 (91%)	362 (9%)	4 (0%)	54	83

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
6	F	81	PHE
11	d	87	SER
17	j	145	PHE
6	F	410	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	258/312 (83%)	258 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	420/446 (94%)	420 (100%)	0	100	100
3	C	78/103 (76%)	77 (99%)	1 (1%)	69	86
4	D	431/439 (98%)	429 (100%)	2 (0%)	88	95
5	E	75/87 (86%)	75 (100%)	0	100	100
6	F	561/661 (85%)	561 (100%)	0	100	100
7	G	145/154 (94%)	145 (100%)	0	100	100
8	a	288/397 (72%)	286 (99%)	2 (1%)	84	93
9	b	263/297 (89%)	261 (99%)	2 (1%)	81	91
10	c	112/177 (63%)	112 (100%)	0	100	100
11	d	81/143 (57%)	80 (99%)	1 (1%)	71	87
12	e	125/178 (70%)	125 (100%)	0	100	100
13	f	134/207 (65%)	134 (100%)	0	100	100
14	g	104/172 (60%)	104 (100%)	0	100	100
15	h	127/192 (66%)	127 (100%)	0	100	100
16	i	114/180 (63%)	114 (100%)	0	100	100
17	j	143/219 (65%)	142 (99%)	1 (1%)	84	93
All	All	3459/4364 (79%)	3450 (100%)	9 (0%)	92	97

5 of 9 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
11	d	88	ASP
17	j	126	THR
8	a	164	LYS
8	a	186	ASP
9	b	28	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such

sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	D	248	HIS
4	D	271	ASN
6	F	62	GLN
8	a	177	HIS
9	b	347	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
19	SQD	F	802	-	33,34,54	1.21	4 (12%)	42,45,65	1.81	11 (26%)
18	LHG	F	801	-	36,36,48	0.70	0	39,42,54	1.15	1 (2%)
18	LHG	D	601	-	28,28,48	0.86	0	31,34,54	1.31	4 (12%)
20	FES	c	301	10	0,4,4	-	-	-	-	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
19	SQD	F	802	-	-	14/29/49/69	0/1/1/1
18	LHG	F	801	-	-	19/41/41/53	-
18	LHG	D	601	-	-	19/33/33/53	-
20	FES	c	301	10	-	-	0/1/1/1

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
19	F	802	SQD	O48-C23	3.13	1.42	1.33
19	F	802	SQD	O47-C7	2.91	1.42	1.34
19	F	802	SQD	O4-C4	-2.19	1.37	1.43
19	F	802	SQD	O2-C2	-2.10	1.38	1.43

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
19	F	802	SQD	C44-O6-C1	4.48	122.49	113.74
19	F	802	SQD	O7-S-C6	4.36	112.12	106.94
18	D	601	LHG	O4-P-O5	4.24	133.21	112.24
18	F	801	LHG	O4-P-O5	4.19	132.97	112.24
19	F	802	SQD	O9-S-C6	3.88	111.55	106.94

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 52 torsion outliers are listed below:

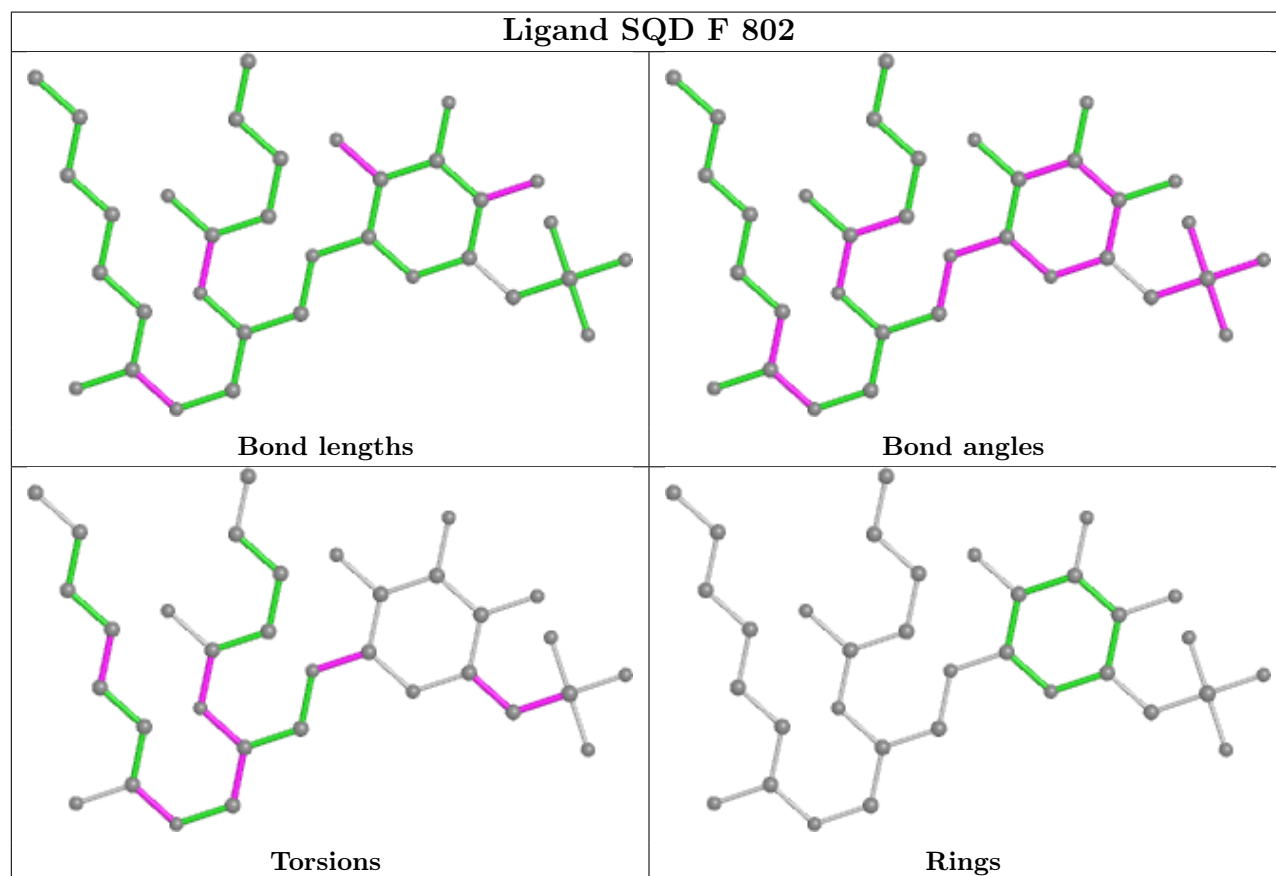
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
18	D	601	LHG	O1-C1-C2-C3
18	D	601	LHG	C1-C2-C3-O3
18	D	601	LHG	O2-C2-C3-O3
18	F	801	LHG	C3-O3-P-O5
19	F	802	SQD	O5-C1-O6-C44

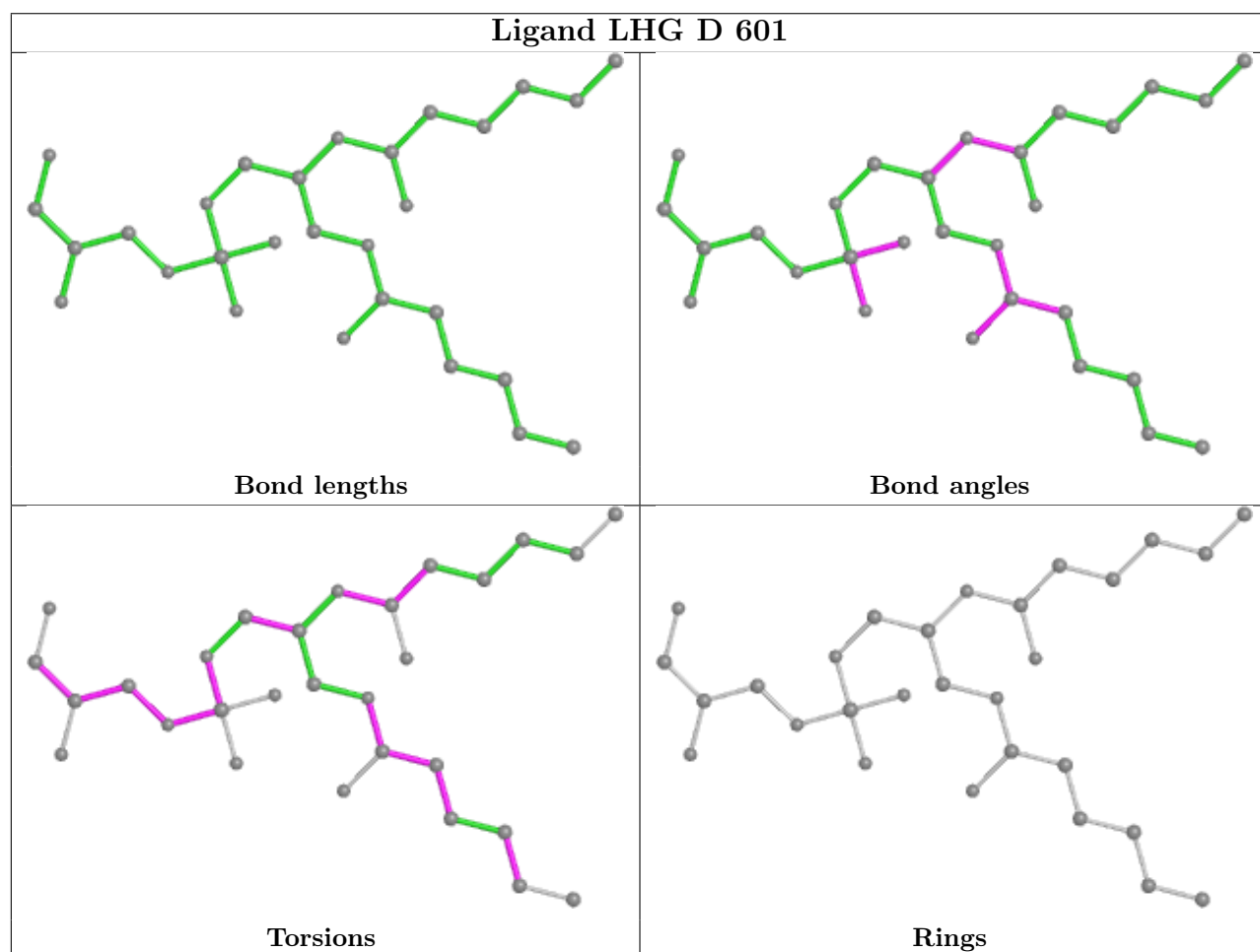
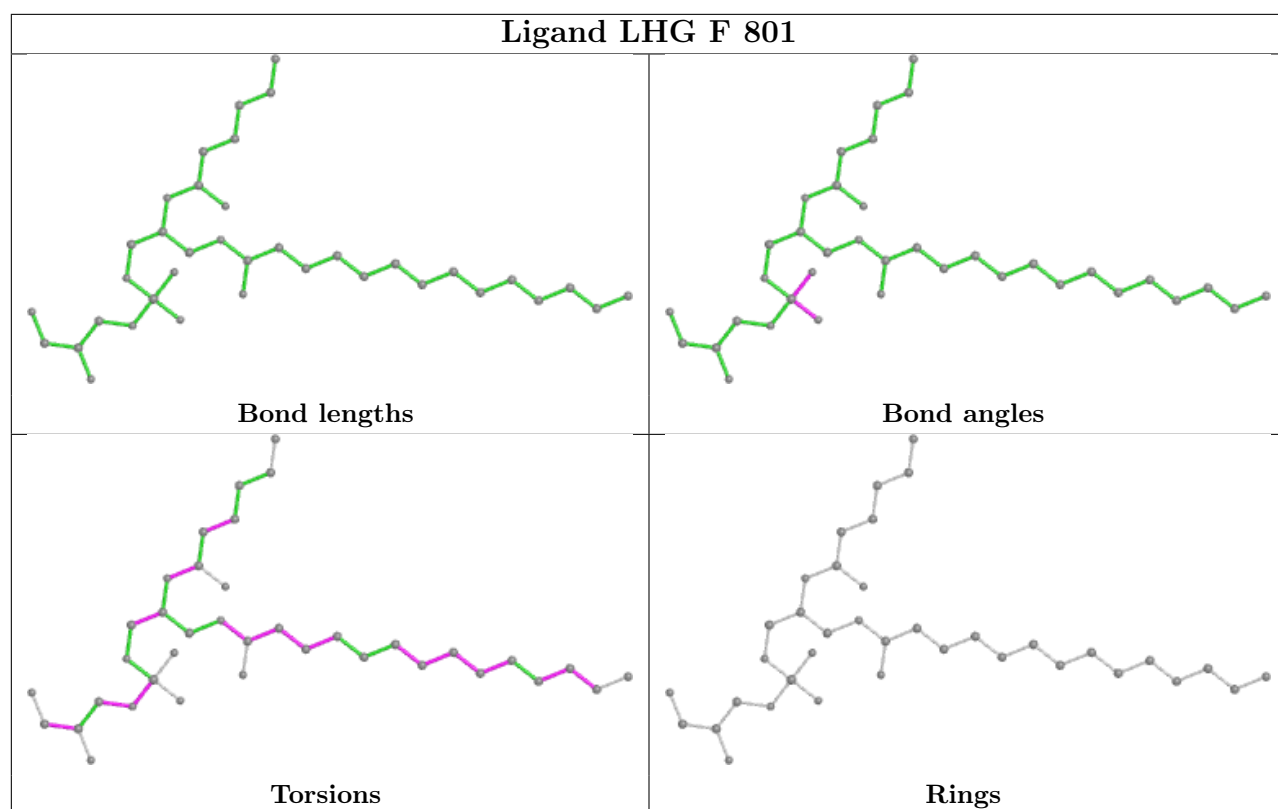
There are no ring outliers.

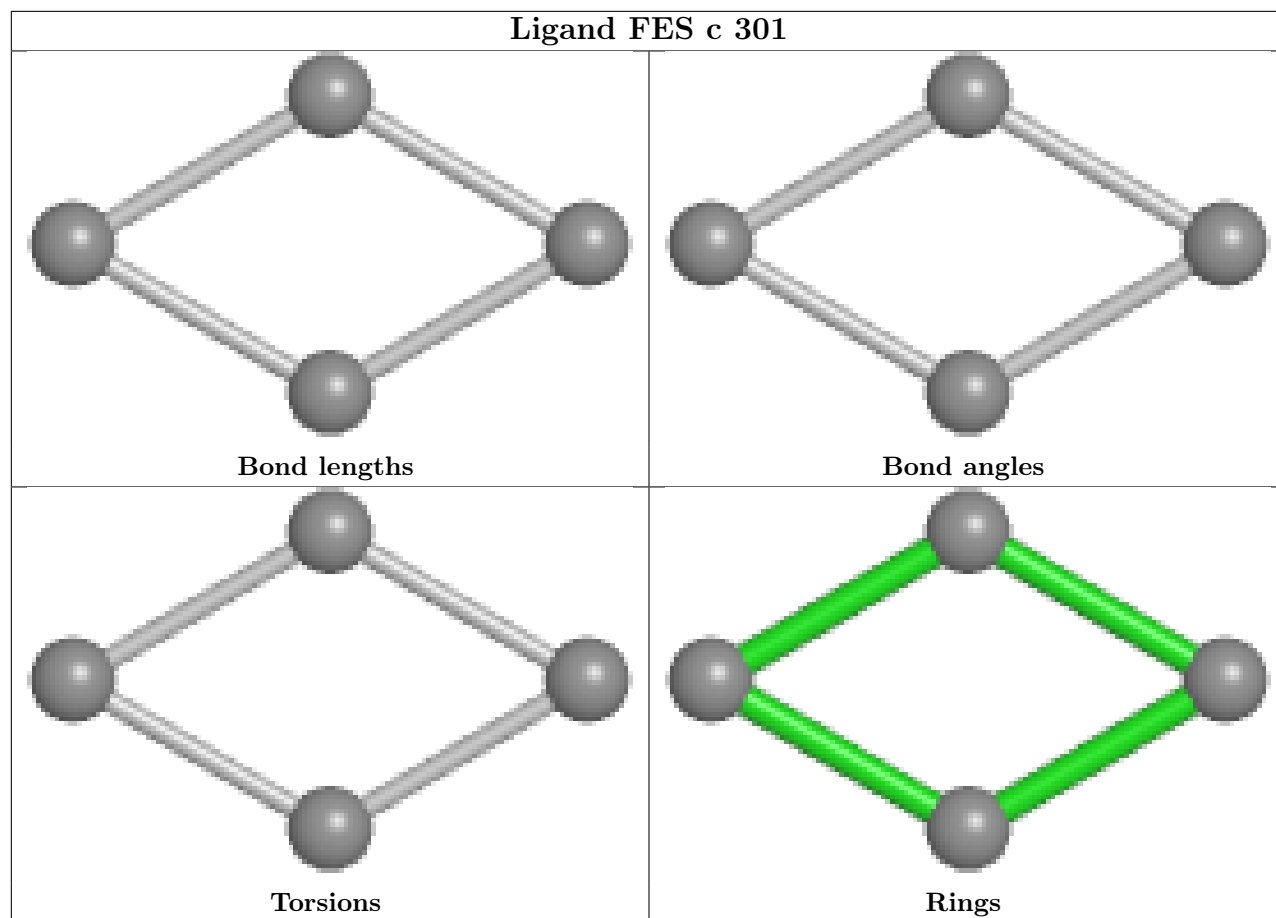
2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
19	F	802	SQD	1	0
18	F	801	LHG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

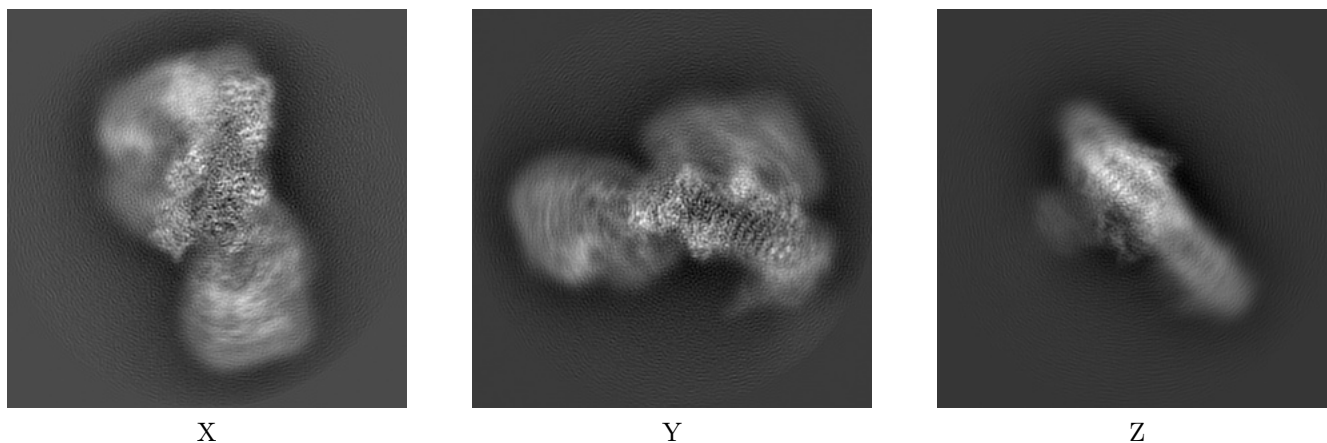
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-32464. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

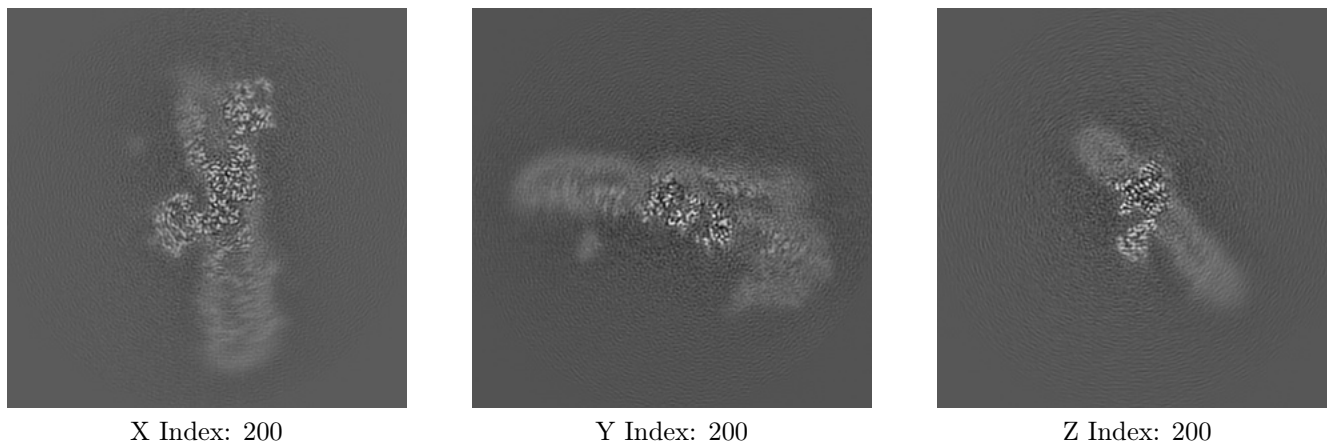
6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

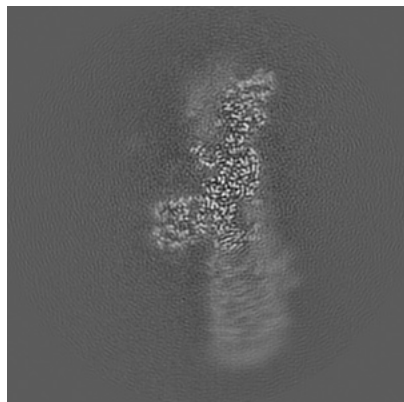
6.2.1 Primary map



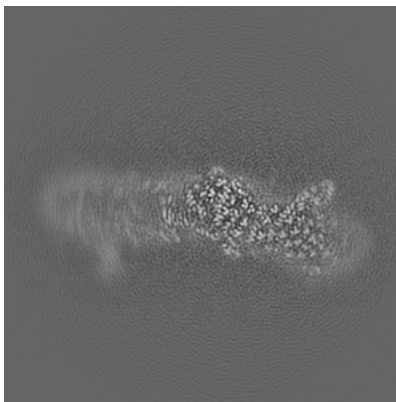
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

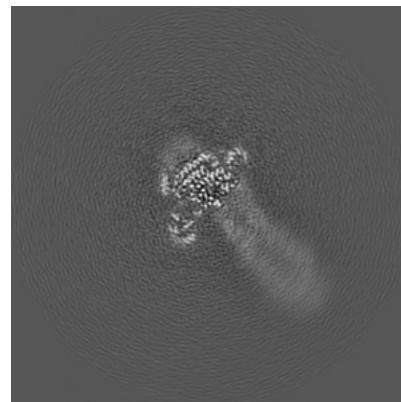
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 192



Y Index: 227



Z Index: 223

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.03. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

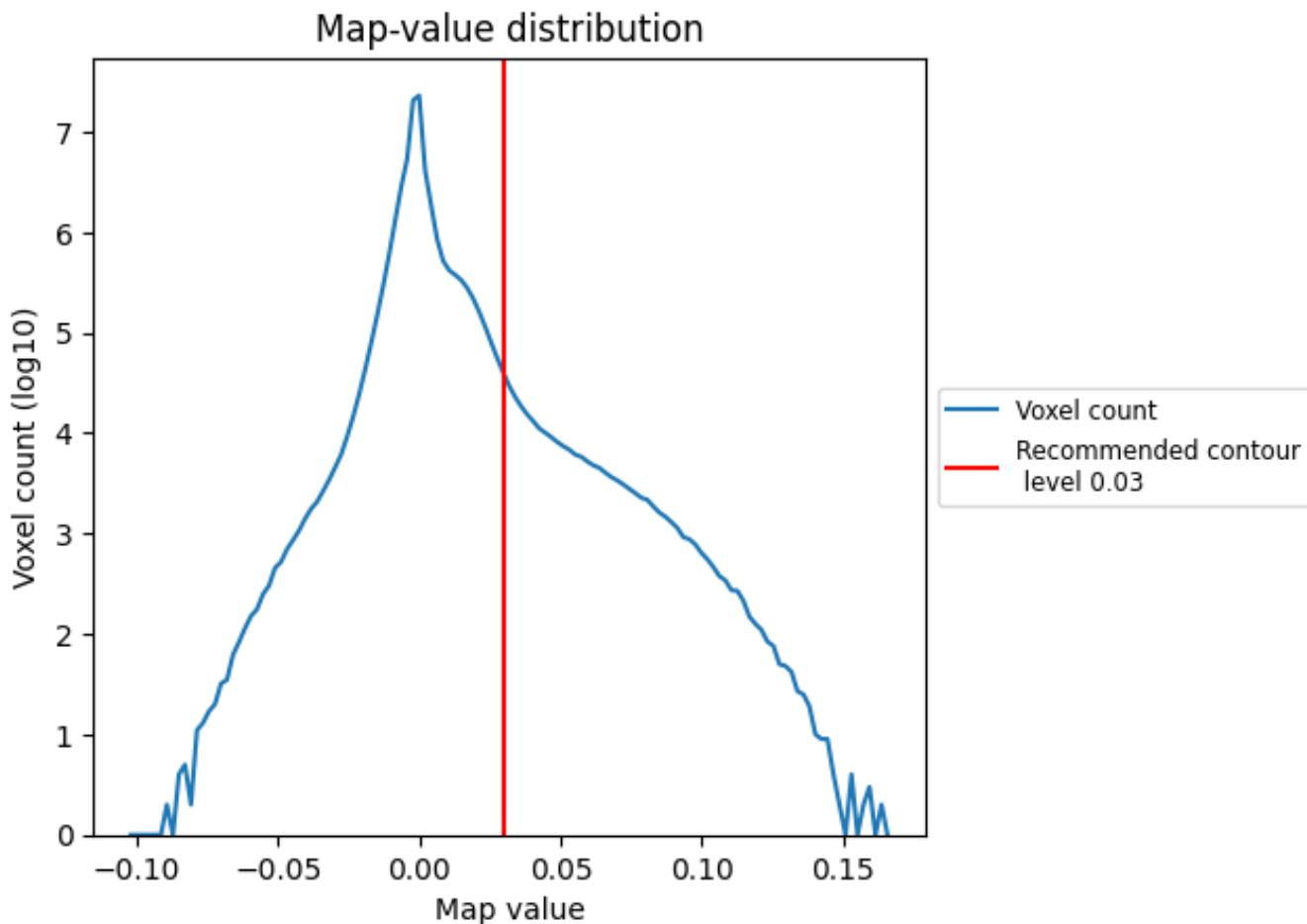
6.5 Mask visualisation

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

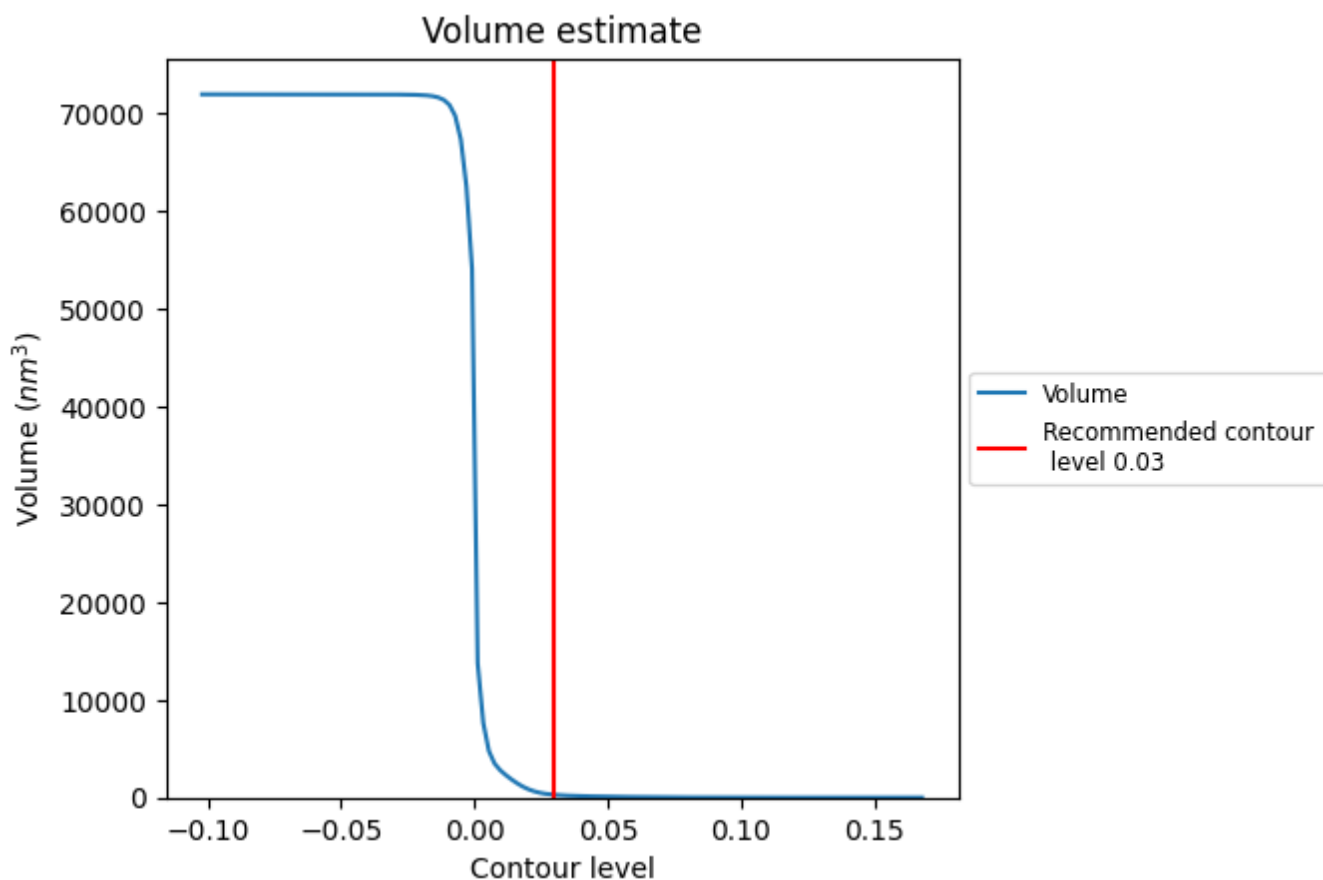
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

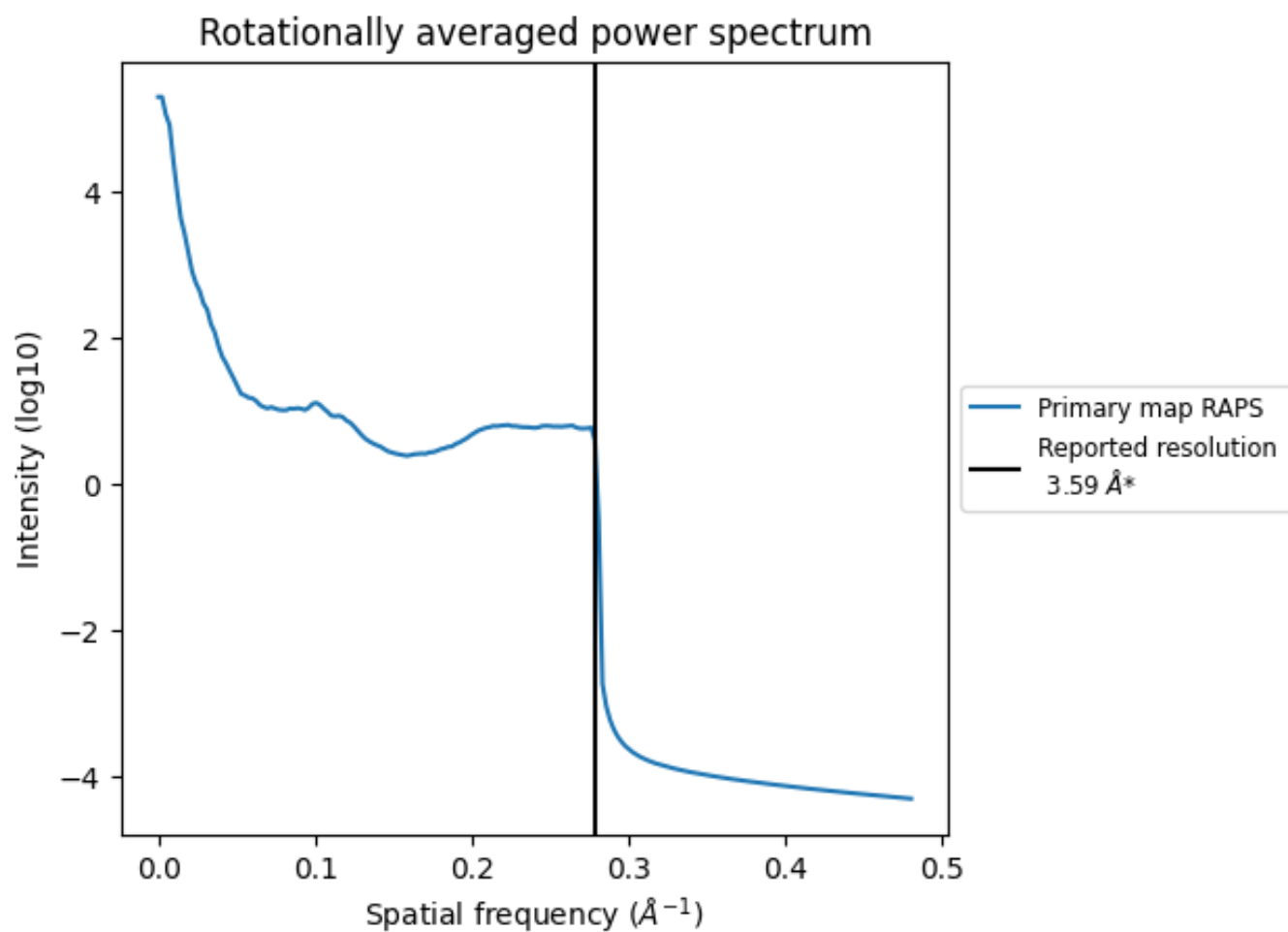
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 283 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 256 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.279\AA^{-1}

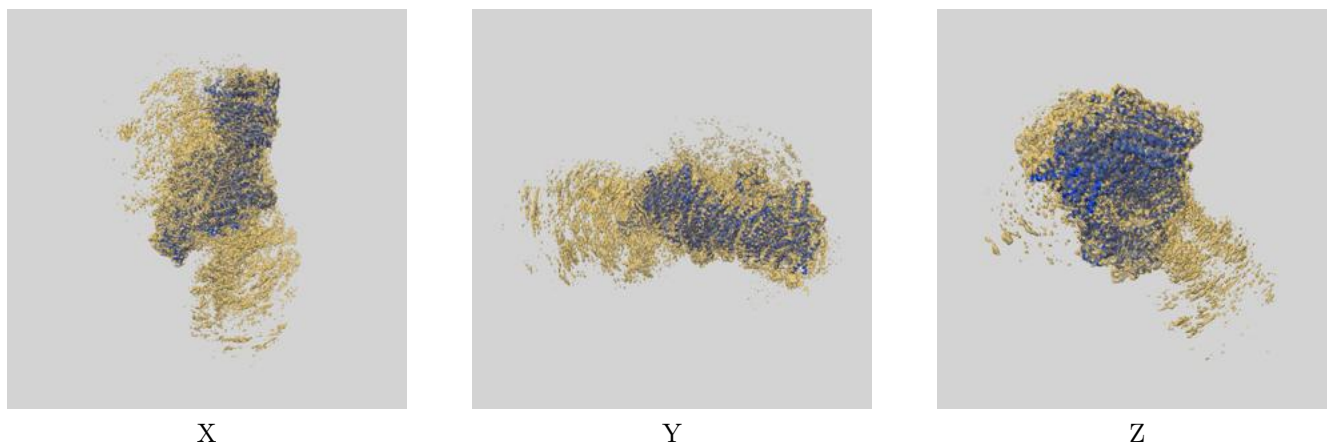
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

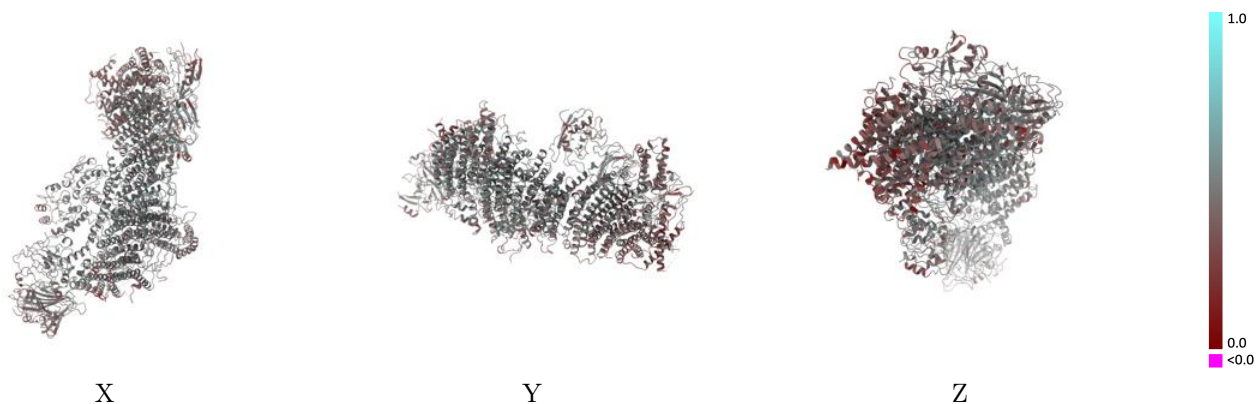
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-32464 and PDB model 7WFF. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [9](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



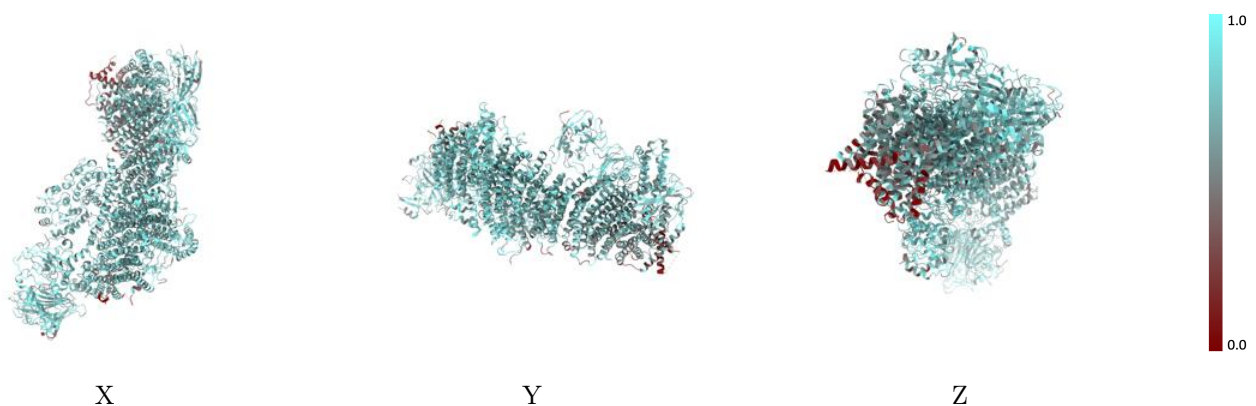
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.03 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



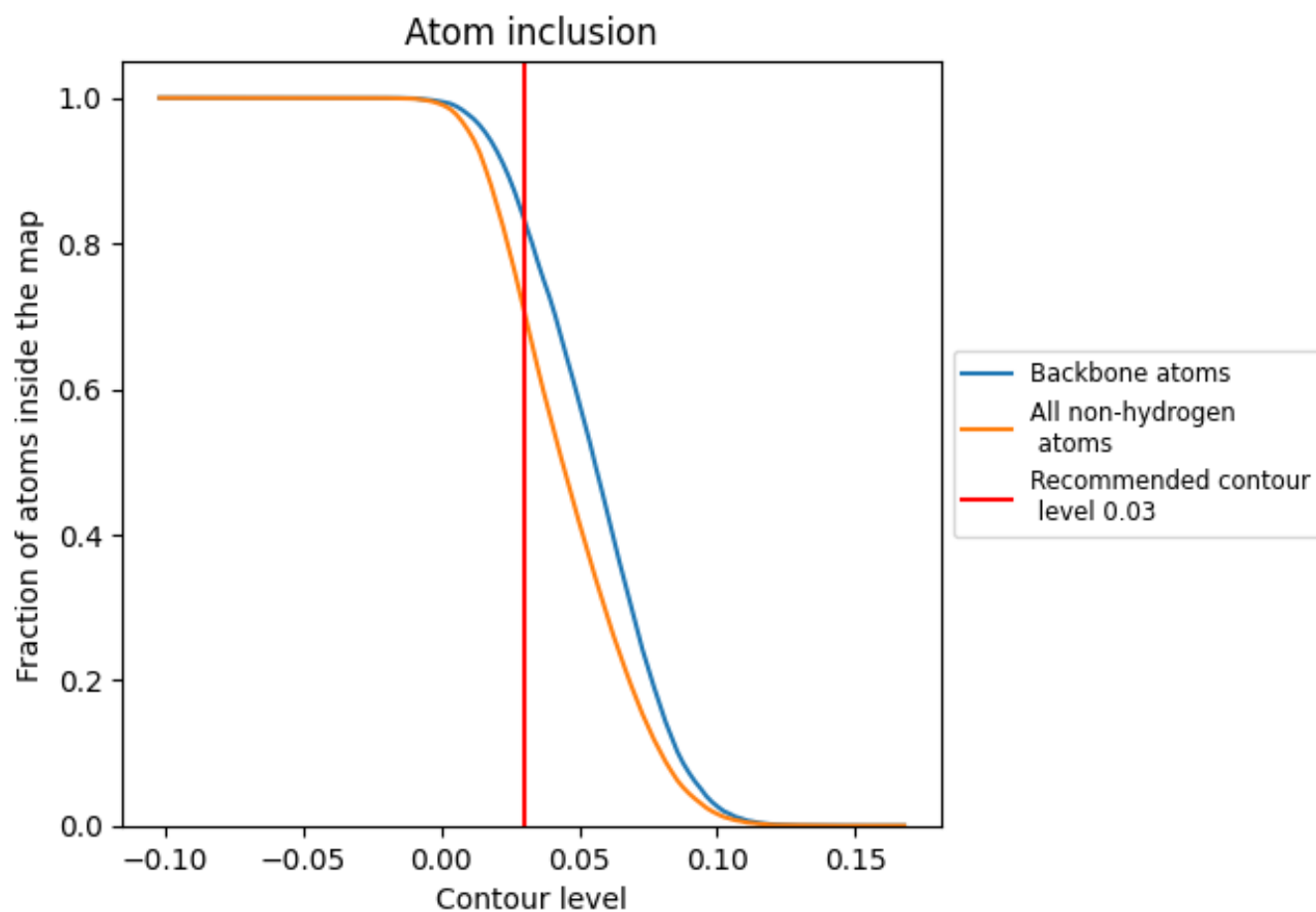
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.03).





































9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 83% of all backbone atoms, 71% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.03) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.7088	 0.4420
A	 0.4974	 0.3430
B	 0.6971	 0.4580
C	 0.5579	 0.3750
D	 0.7702	 0.4900
E	 0.6520	 0.4180
F	 0.7367	 0.4630
G	 0.6347	 0.4290
a	 0.7427	 0.4510
b	 0.7223	 0.4180
c	 0.7457	 0.4640
d	 0.7340	 0.4610
e	 0.7426	 0.4500
f	 0.7179	 0.4010
g	 0.7409	 0.4110
h	 0.7774	 0.4480
i	 0.7643	 0.4760
j	 0.7095	 0.4410

