



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 20, 2024 – 01:36 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2MXN
BMRB ID : 19736
Title : NMR Structure of the mature form of Trypanosoma brucei 1CGrx1
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Deposited on : 2015-01-08

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

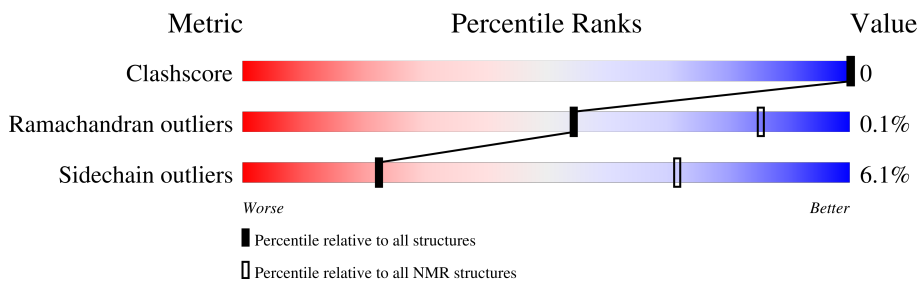
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 86%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	145	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 20 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:85-A:182 (98)	0.78	20

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20
2	1, 4, 16

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2225 atoms, of which 1118 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	142	2225	703	1118	178	219	7	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	40	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q2UZM9
A	41	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q2UZM9
A	42	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q2UZM9

L184

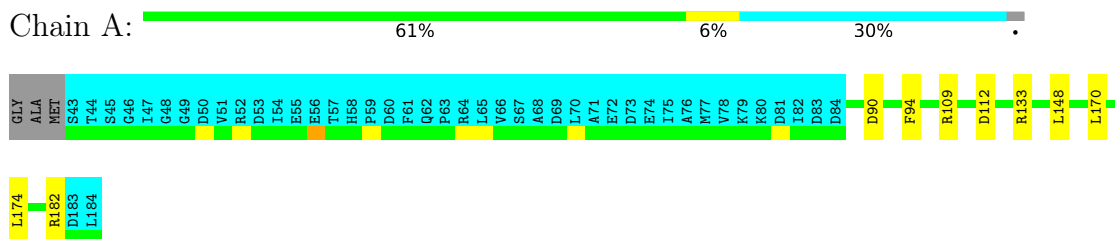
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin



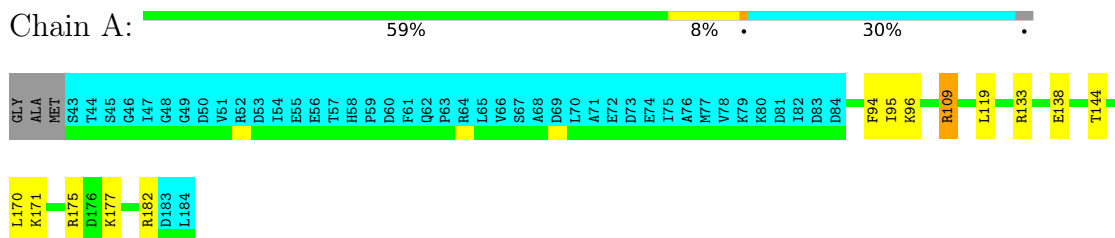
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

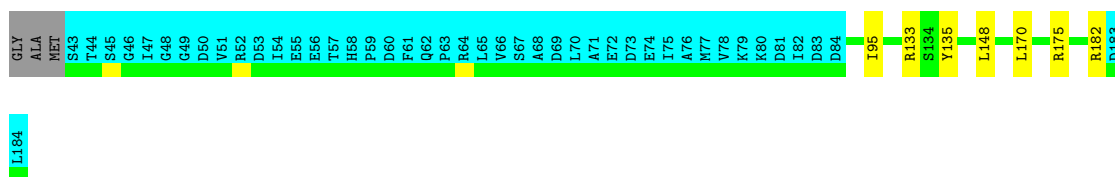
- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin

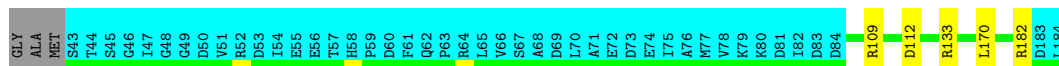




4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin

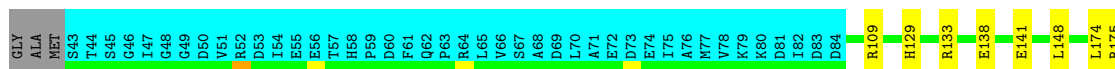
Chain A: 64% 30%



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin

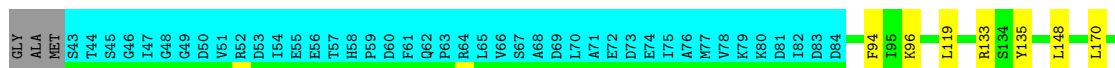
Chain A: 61% 6% 30%



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin

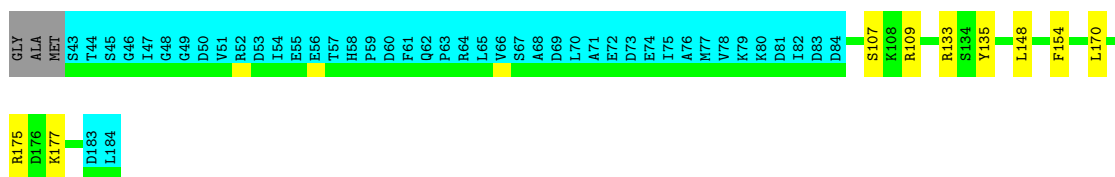
Chain A: 61% 6% 30%



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin

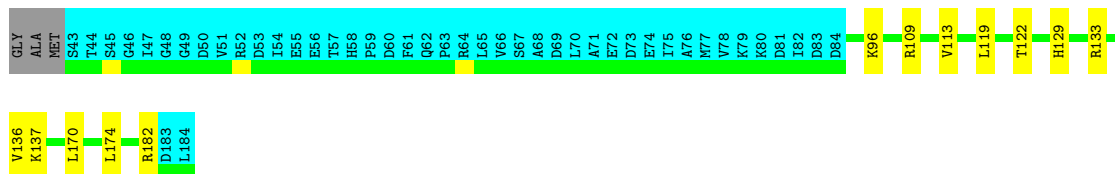
Chain A: 61% 6% 30%



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin

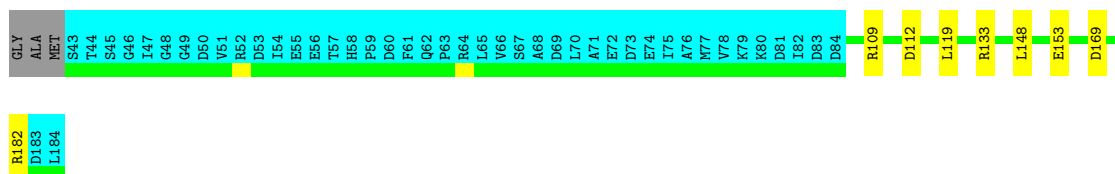
Chain A: 59% 8% 30%



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin

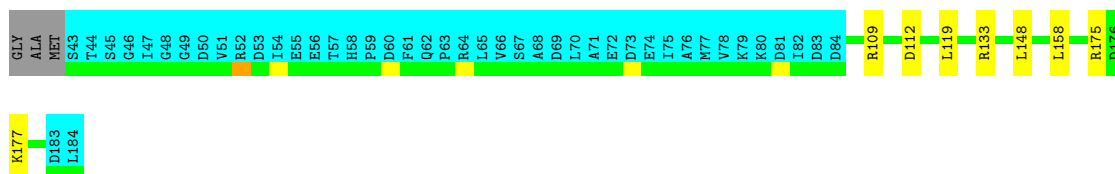
Chain A: 62% 6% 30%



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin

Chain A: 62% 6% 30%



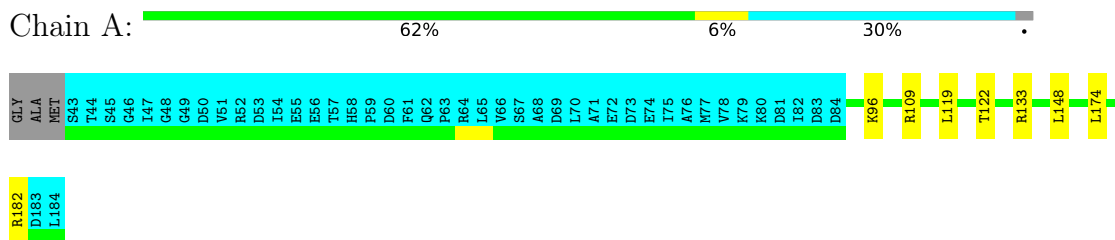
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin



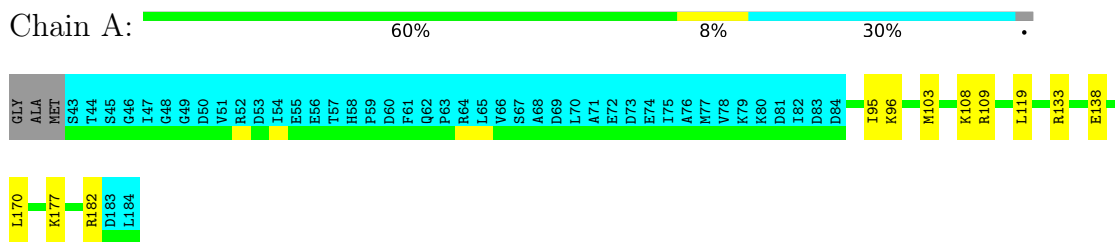
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin



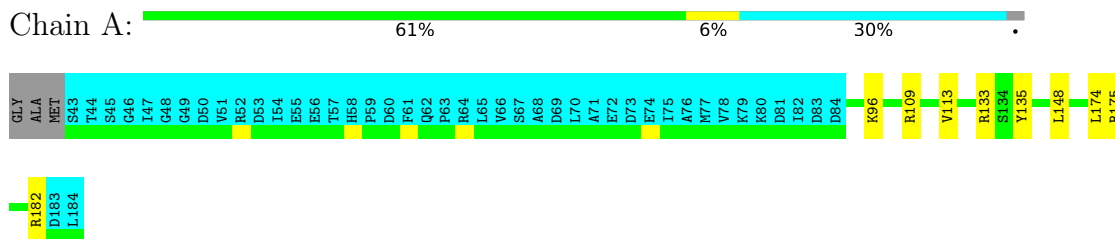
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin



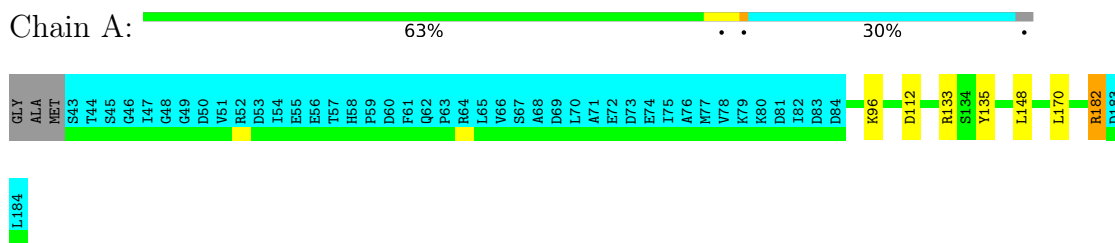
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin



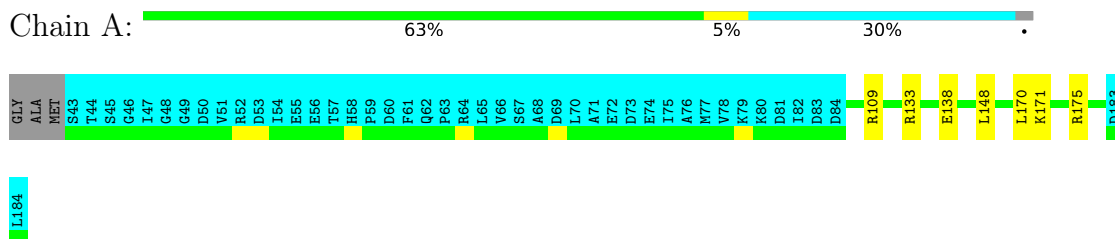
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin



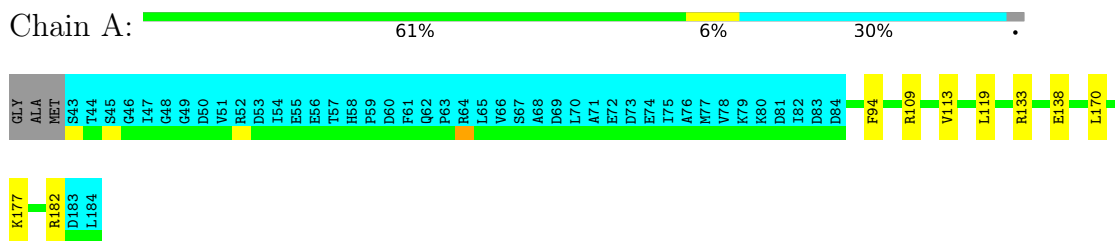
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Mono-cysteine glutaredoxin



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR NIH	structure solution	
Amber	refinement	
CYANA	structure solution	2.1
UNIO'10	structure solution	2.02

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1595
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1595
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	86%

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.69±0.01	0±0/785 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.05±0.03	4±1/1061 (0.3± 0.1%)
All	All	0.69	0/15700 (0.0%)	1.05	70/21220 (0.3%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.2±0.5
All	All	0	5

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	133	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.43	125.02	120.30	11	18
1	A	109	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.00	124.80	120.30	20	17
1	A	182	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.47	124.53	120.30	17	16
1	A	175	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.18	124.39	120.30	2	10
1	A	133	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.83	116.88	120.30	3	3
1	A	135	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-6.04	117.38	121.00	6	4
1	A	182	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.70	117.45	120.30	11	1
1	A	109	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.27	117.66	120.30	2	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	95	ILE	Peptide	3
1	A	109	ARG	Sidechain	1
1	A	122	THR	Peptide	1

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	15400	16040	16040	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	98/145 (68%)	96±1 (98±1%)	2±1 (2±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	54 85
All	All	1960/2900 (68%)	1923 (98%)	36 (2%)	1 (0%)	54 85

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	141	GLU	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR

entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	87/126 (69%)	82±2 (94±2%)	5±2 (6±2%)	22	71
All	All	1740/2520 (69%)	1633 (94%)	107 (6%)	22	71

All 32 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	148	LEU	14
1	A	170	LEU	13
1	A	177	LYS	9
1	A	96	LYS	8
1	A	119	LEU	8
1	A	174	LEU	7
1	A	138	GLU	6
1	A	112	ASP	6
1	A	94	PHE	5
1	A	171	LYS	3
1	A	113	VAL	3
1	A	137	LYS	2
1	A	182	ARG	2
1	A	129	HIS	2
1	A	135	TYR	2
1	A	165	LEU	1
1	A	87	LYS	1
1	A	111	ILE	1
1	A	147	GLN	1
1	A	90	ASP	1
1	A	144	THR	1
1	A	107	SER	1
1	A	154	PHE	1
1	A	122	THR	1
1	A	136	VAL	1
1	A	133	ARG	1
1	A	153	GLU	1
1	A	169	ASP	1
1	A	158	LEU	1
1	A	95	ILE	1
1	A	103	MET	1
1	A	108	LYS	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 86% for the well-defined parts and 83% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1595
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1595
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	140	0.00 \pm 0.13	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	126	0.06 \pm 0.09	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	139	0.01 \pm 0.11	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	129	0.74 \pm 0.24	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 86%, i.e. 1170 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1364. 0 out of 20 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	478/486 (98%)	194/197 (98%)	193/196 (98%)	91/93 (98%)
Sidechain	624/792 (79%)	412/520 (79%)	211/250 (84%)	1/22 (5%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	68/86 (79%)	34/42 (81%)	33/42 (79%)	1/2 (50%)
Overall	1170/1364 (86%)	640/759 (84%)	437/488 (90%)	93/117 (79%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 83%, i.e. 1595 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1924. 0 out of 26 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	685/705 (97%)	277/286 (97%)	279/284 (98%)	129/135 (96%)
Sidechain	834/1116 (75%)	554/728 (76%)	278/357 (78%)	2/31 (6%)
Aromatic	76/103 (74%)	38/51 (75%)	37/49 (76%)	1/3 (33%)
Overall	1595/1924 (83%)	869/1065 (82%)	594/690 (86%)	132/169 (78%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	146	PRO	CB	38.38	26.06 – 37.61	5.7

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

